

# A QUICK GUIDE TO THE COUNCIL'S RISK MANAGEMENT PROCESS

Review date:	2019
Version:	10
Reviewed by: Audit and Standards Committee	
Next review date:	April 2020
Changes:	See below

Review date:	2018
Version:	9
Reviewed by:	Audit and Standards Committee
Next review date:	April 2019
Changes:	See below

Review date:	April 2017
Version:	8
Reviewed by:	Audit and Risk Committee
Next review date:	April 2018
Changes:	See below

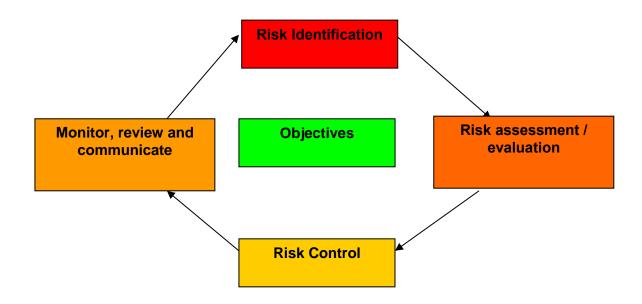
#### **Changes Made**

3	
22/03/2017	None
05/02/2018	Audit & Risk Committee changed to Audit & Standards
	Committee
31/05/2019	None

# **CONTENTS**

	<u>Page No.</u>
Risk Management Process	3
Impact & Likelihood Measures	6
Reviewing, Reporting & Communicating Framework	7
Escalation Process	8

# Classification: NULBC **UNCLASSIFIED Risk Management Process – An Overview**



#### **Objectives**

In developing our approach to risk management, a key part at all stages of the process is to identify SMART objectives - in other words the objectives need to be Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Realistic and Time-bound. In other words, they need to be structured in such a way that they can be assessed as to whether they have worked properly or not. This section takes into account all the objectives set out above and provides more information on each.

#### Risk identification

What could go wrong?	Use available documents e.g. Council Plan, Service Plan, appraisals etc to establish what is planned and start to identify what risks could occur as a result of these plans
Ensure risks are structured – what are the key elements to each risk?	E.g. if we don't review and manage our budgets, is there a risk we could overspend? What things are we looking at in terms of a risk like this?
What type of risk is it?	Strategic, Operational, Project
What category is it?	e.g. political, e-Government/ICT, regulatory, financial/fraud, opportunities, reputation, management, assets, new partnership/project, customer/client/citizen Environmental (see Appendix B(i))

Risk assessment/Evaluation

In assessing and evaluating the risks identified, you need to ask a number of fundamental questions. From this, you will get a risk 'score' (or rating). This 'score'/rating will determine your future actions.

What would be the impact on the council if the risk actually happened?

How likely is it to happen?

Based on the answers above, plot the rating on the table opposite

The bold line on the matrix is the limit of the council's risk appetite, i.e. how much risk it is

RED Amber Amber ı HIGH K Ε L Green Amber Amber MEDIUM 4 ı Η Green Amber 0 LOW Green 0 2 Low Medium D High **IMPACT** 

willing to take before intervention begins. Control of the risks should effectively move the final risk ratings to the amber and green sections of the table (see Appendix B (ii)

#### Risk Control

Risk control is the name given to the process of working towards mitigating the identified risks. This is done by identifying possible actions which may reduce either the impact or the likelihood of the risk and will therefore mean that the final rating is contained within the council's risk appetite (the green and amber sections of the table above). In undertaking risk control a number of questions can be asked as part of the risk management process.

		,,							
١	Λ	<i>ı</i> r	$\sim$	$\cap$	vns	th	Δ	ric	r.)

What could/should be done to reduce the impact and/or likelihood of the risk?

What else do you need to do to control the risk?

(see Appendix B(iii))

	Review	Action			
Priority	Period (months)	Tolerate	Treat	Transfer	Terminate
High	1		V	$\checkmark$	<b>√</b>
Mediu m	2 - 6	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>√</b>
Low	9 - 12		<b>V</b>		<b>√</b>

#### Monitor, Review and Communicate

Key questions to consider as part of this process: -

- Are the controls you have put in place effective?
- Has the risk changed either as a result of what you have done or other factors?
- Does it need escalating, having gone through all the checks you need to make?
- Are new risks evolving as a result of the existing risk or due to other factors?

• Who do you need to inform – internally and externally to the council?

Key to what prompts what kind of action: -



High risk, prompt action, contingency plan, monitor at least monthly

Medium Risk, contingency plan, monitor at least quarterly

Low risk, monitor at least half annually

# RISK ASSESSMENT IMPACT MEASURES AND CLASSIFICATION

	High (red)	Medium (amber)	Low (green)
Health & Safety	Death, abuse, life threatening <u>OR</u> permanent disability	Serious injury <u>OR</u> long- term absence from work (over 7 days)	Minor injury <u>OR</u> short- term absence from work (less than 7 days)
Cost	More than £300k	Between £50-£300k	Between £20-£50k
Reputation	National media attention, potential public interest report, third party intervention	Sustained local media attention, Executive Director reporting, Member interest	Short term local media attention, DMT/WMT reporting (depending on the issue)
Service Delivery	Serious service failure directly affecting partners, stakeholders (more than 1 month)	Service failure but not directly affecting partners or stakeholders (up to 1 month)	Service disruption (between 1 day to 2 weeks)
Project Delivery	Project failure impacting on council's priorities and performance	Project failure impacting on Directorate's performance and priorities	Project delay impacting on service performance and priorities
Legal implications	Statutory body, partner or enforcement agency	Member and/or EMT	DMT/WMT (where appropriate)

# **ALWAYS TAKE THE WORST CASE SCENARIO AS YOUR IMPACT LEVEL**

#### **Likelihood Measures**

	High (red)	Medium (amber)	Low (green)
Timescale	Highly likely to occur (90%+ chance)	Likely to happen (50-89% chance)	Possible (1-49% chance)
	An incident has occurred in the past year <u>OR</u> is highly likely to occur in the next year	An incident has occurred in the past 2-5 years <u>OR</u> is likely to occur in the next 2-5 years	An incident has occurred in the past 6+ years <u>OR</u> is likely to occur in the next 6+ years

L I K	High	7 Amber	8 Amber	9 Red
E L I	Medium	4 Green	5 Amber	6 Amber
H O O	Low	1 Green	2 Green	3 Amber
D		Low	Medium	High
IMPACT				

### RISK MANAGEMENT REVIEWING, REPORTING & COMMUNICATING FRAMEWORK

Final Risk	Risk	Management Action required	Review/Reporting required
Rating	Action		
Red 9	Treat Terminate Transfer Tolerate	This level of risk is not acceptable and immediate action is required to assess how the risk can be reduced to an acceptable level. Where the impact might result in death, abuse, life threatening <u>OR</u> permanent disability, wherever possible the activity should cease until the risk is effectively managed.	The appropriate Executive Director must be made aware immediately and the risk must be escalated to the appropriate group – the Departmental Management Team or Corporate Governance Working Group (if called), where the effectiveness of the suggested further action, or a decision for the way forward, must be considered. If the risk could affect the whole council or, if wider support is required to manage it, the risk must be escalated to the Executive Management Team.  Progress to manage this risk must be reviewed by the DMT and risk owner on a monthly basis and it is expected that the outcome of such a review will be minuted in the appropriate minutes and a comment recorded in the relevant risk register.
		Escalation of issues to go to DMT (via risk champion) CGWG (via strategic risk champion) EMT and Audit & Standards Committee if no resolution found.	
Amber 8 Amber 6 Amber 5	Transfer Treat Tolerate	Whilst this level of risk can be accepted, management must first consider all reasonable steps that could be taken to reduce this risk in terms of both likelihood and potential impact.	The appropriate Head of Service must be made aware of the final rating of this risk and they must consider the effectiveness of the suggested further action and make a decision as to whether the risk should be escalated to the Corporate Governance Working Group (if called).
		Escalation of issues to go to DMT (via risk champion) CGWG (via strategic risk champion) EMT and Audit & Standards Committee if no resolution found.	If wider support is required to control this risk, it must be escalated to the appropriate Executive Director. Progress to manage this risk must be reviewed quarterly by the Head of Service and risk owner. The outcome of the review will be minuted in appropriate minutes or 1:1 meetings and a comment recorded in the relevant risk register.
Amber 7 Amber 3	Transfer Treat Tolerate	In view of the low likelihood of this risk occurring, this level of risk can be accepted, however management must first consider that all reasonable steps have been taken to reduce this	The appropriate Head of Service must be made aware of the final rating of this risk and they must consider the effectiveness of the suggested further action and make a decision as to whether the risk should be escalated to the Corporate Governance Working Group (if called).
		risk in terms of the potential impact.  Escalation of issues to go to DMT (via risk champion), CGWG (via strategic risk champion), EMT and Audit & Standards Committee if no resolution found.	If wider support is required to control the risk, it must be escalated to the appropriate Executive Director. Progress to manage this risk must be reviewed quarterly by the Head of Service and risk owner. The outcome of the review will be minuted in appropriate minutes or 1:1 meetings and a comment recorded in the relevant risk register.
Green 4 2 1	Transfer Treat Tolerate	Whilst this level of risk is generally acceptable, management should consider whether this risk could be reduced in terms of either likelihood or impact.	The appropriate Business Manager must be made aware of the final rating of this risk and they must consider the effectiveness of the suggest further action (if applicable) and make a decision as to whether the risk should be escalated to the appropriate Head of Service.
		Escalation of issues to go to DMT (via risk champion), CGWG (via strategic risk champion), EMT and Audit & Standards Committee if no resolution found.	If wider support is required to control this risk, it must be escalated to the Departmental Management Team.  Progress to manage this risk must be reviewed at least annually (or sooner if circumstances change significantly) and a comment recorded in the relevant risk register.

# Classification: NULBC UNCLASSIFIED ESCALATION PROCESS

